User's Guide for:

SeaSonde® Radial Site Interconnection assembly, Initial Power up & Check out



CODAR OCEAN SENSORS, LTD.

1000 Fremont Ave., Suite 145, Los Altos, CA 94024-6057 USA Tel. (408) 773-8240 FAX (408) 773-0514

www.codaros.com e-mail: support@codaros.com ©2003 Codar Ocean Sensors, Ltd. Dec 18, 2003

Please read the disclaimer on the last page of this publication.

This Guide has three sections:

- 1. INTERCONNECTION
- 2. INITIAL POWER UP and CHECK OUT
- 3. COPYRIGHT NOTICE and DISCLAIMER

SECTION 1: INTERCONNECTION

When you have **installed both Antennas** (Transmit and Receive), and the **electronics** for your **SeaSonde Radial Site**, you can begin with interconnections.

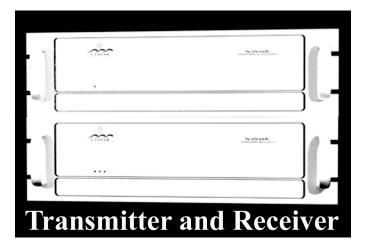
Leave everything switched off and unplugged from electric outlets until you are asked to apply power in the *Initial Power up* section of this Guide.

Note: Do not turn on the transmitter without the antenna connected. Doing so will cause the transmitter to soon overheat and may cause permanent damage to the transmitter.

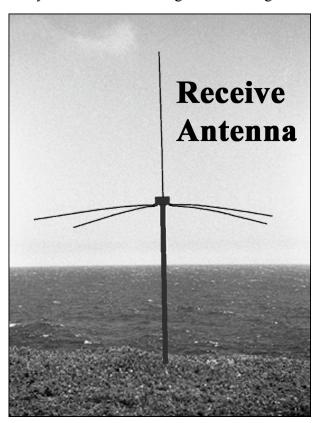
You will be connecting a **USB** (universal serial bus)-equipped Apple* computer. The standard SeaSonde computer is an **Apple desktop configured with SeaSonde software.** We ship with the latest computer from apple that we have been able to thoroughly test and approve for use with the SeaSonde software.

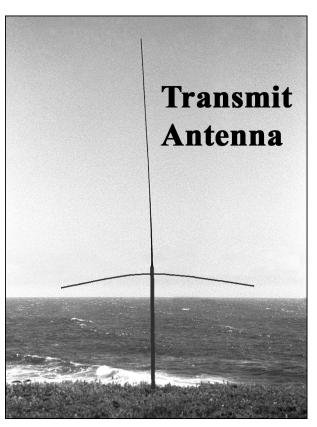


You will also be connecting the following:



And you will be connecting the following:



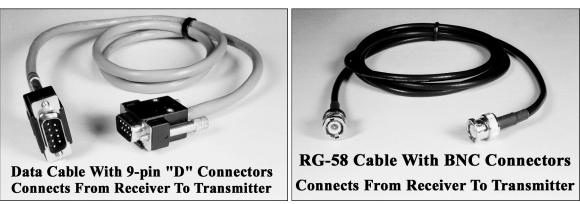


Here are cables and connectors you will need:













Connect the Receiver to the Receive Antenna. This allows signals from the Receive Antenna to reach the Receiver, where they are amplified.

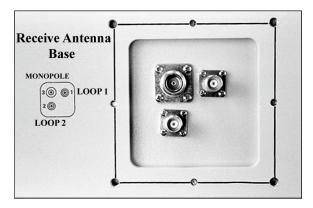
Here is the Receiver, from the back, where you will be **making connections**:



Here is a close-up of the Receiver, back panel, left side:



Connections from the Receiver go to the Receive Antenna. At the **base** of the Receive Antenna, you will find connectors **arranged like these**:



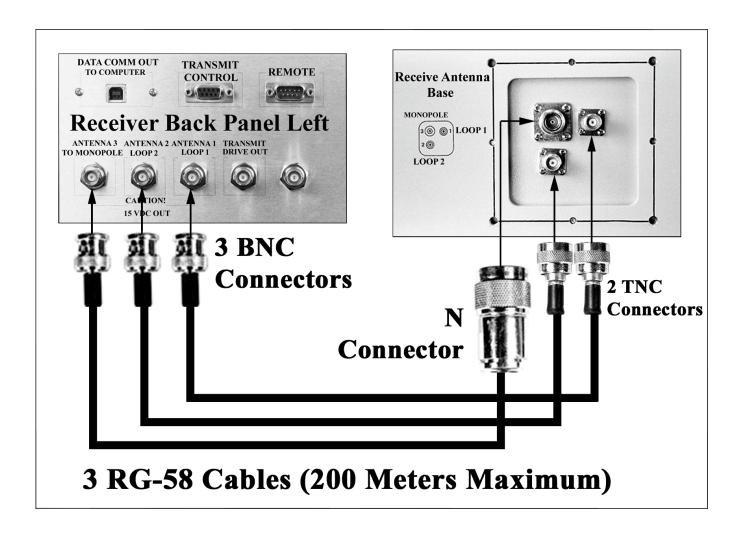
Connect three RG-58 cables between the Receiver and the Receive Antenna.

These cables can be as long as 200 meters:

[&]quot;Antenna 1/Loop 1" on the Receiver goes to "Loop 1" on the Receive Antenna.

[&]quot;Antenna 2/Loop 2" goes to "Loop 2" on the Receive Antenna.

[&]quot;Antenna 3/Monopole" goes to "Monopole" on the Receive Antenna.



The three cables are tagged "1," "2," and "3," to help you keep track of your connections.

These cables must be the **same length**.

Be sure to **tighten** the N and TNC connectors **firmly**. Do not use a wrench.

Connect the Transmitter to the Transmit Antenna. This allows the Transmit Antenna to **broadcast** signals from the Transmitter.

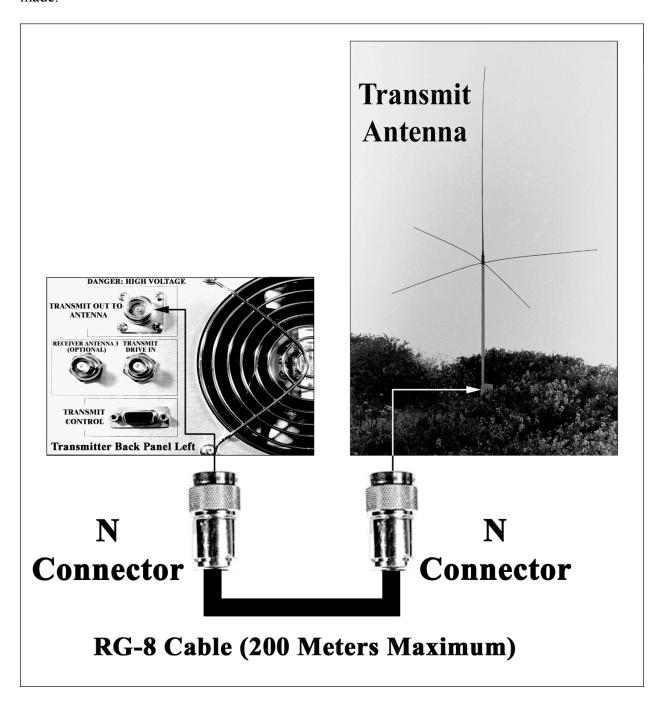
Here is a **back** view of the Transmitter:



Here is the Transmitter back panel, left side:

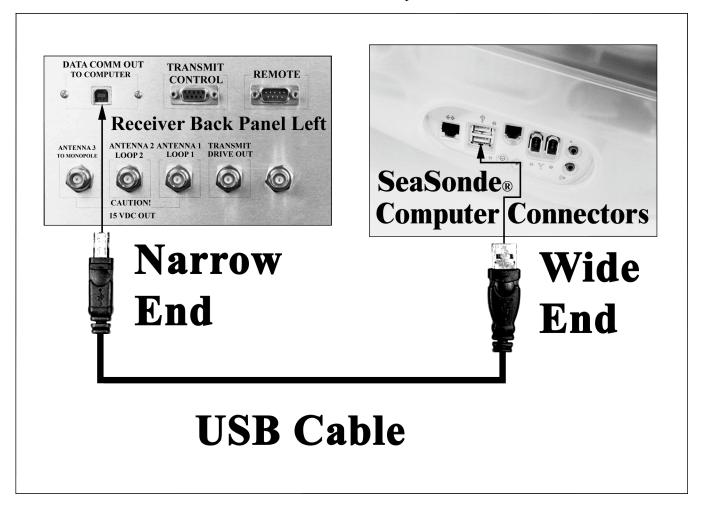


Connect an **RG-8** cable between "**Transmit out to Antenna**" to the Transmit Antenna. There is an **electrical junction box** at the **base** of the Transmit Antenna, where a connection can be made:

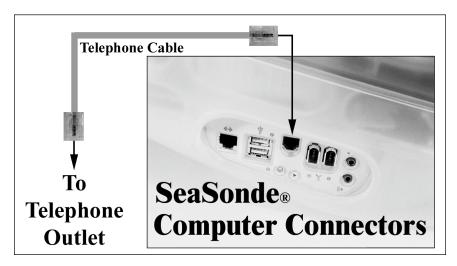


Connect the Receiver to the Computer. This cable allows the computer and Receiver to send data back and forth.

Connect a USB cable between the Receiver and the Computer:

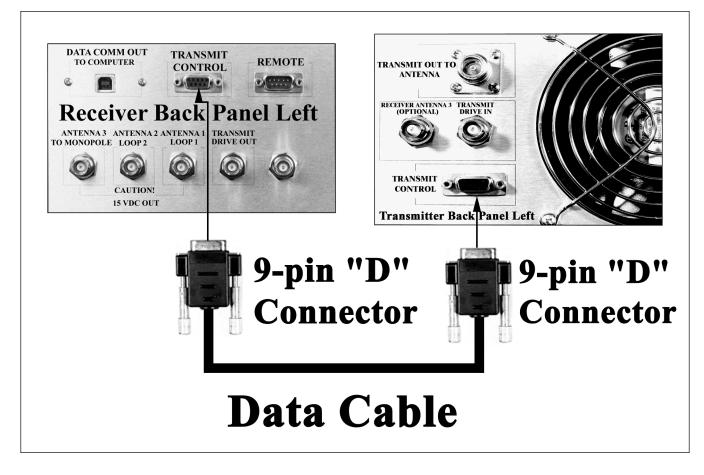


Connect the Computer's **internal modem** to a **telephone line**. This allows your SeaSonde Radial Site to **communicate** with the **outside world**:

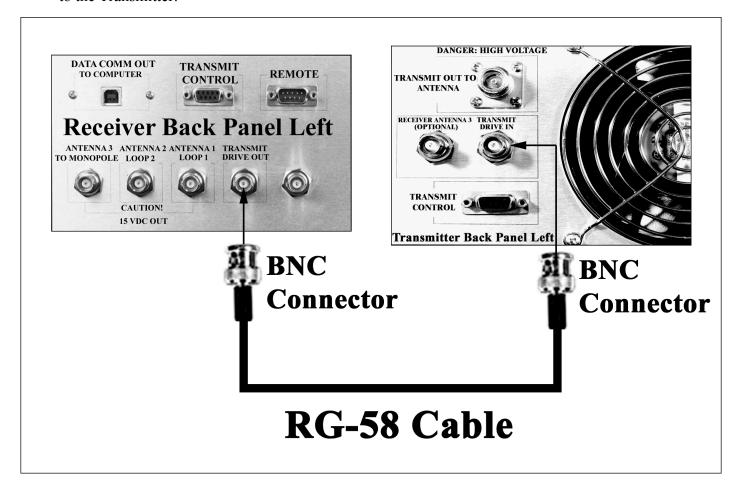


Please do not share the SeaSonde data communications telephone line with other telecommunications devices such as FAX machines, telephones, or answering machines.

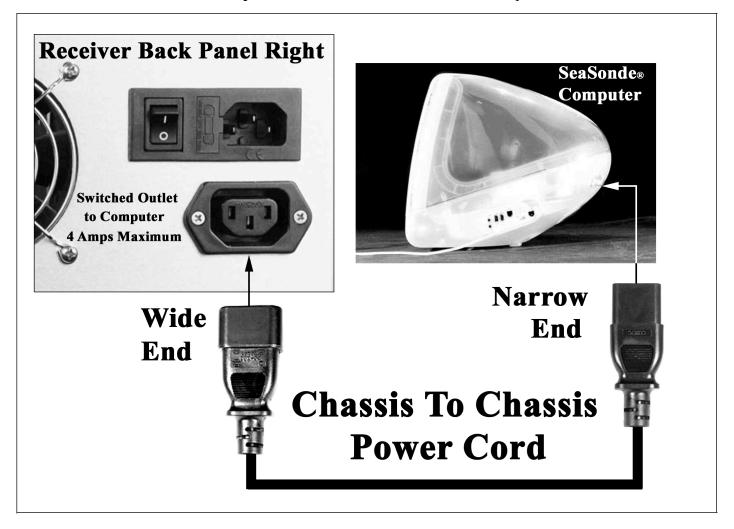
Connect the Transmitter to the Receiver. This allows the Transmitter and Receiver to **synchronize**:



Make a **second connection** between the Transmitter and Receiver. This provides a **drive signal** to the Transmitter:



Connect a **chassis to chassis power cord** from the Receiver to the Computer:



Connect a standard power cord to the Receiver. Be sure the Receiver power switch is off.

Connect a standard power cord to the Transmitter. **Be sure the Transmitter power switch is off.**

Connect a **mouse** and **keyboard** to the Computer. Cables to do this are included with the Computer, as well as instructions.

Check all connections you have made up to this point.

SECTION 2: INITIAL POWER UP and CHECK OUT

Check all connections you have made up to this point.

Now that you have made all the necessary connections for SeaSonde, you can start **switching on** SeaSonde electronics.

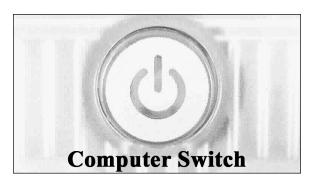
Switch on the Receiver. Leave the Transmitter off for now.

Here is the **power switch** for the **Receiver**:



Press the **power button** on the **computer** for **a few seconds** until the computer turns on. The computer power will be on the front of the computer.

The computer power switch looks like this:



Shortly after you have turned on the Computer, you should see "Welcome To MacIntosh."

Wait about 2 minutes for the Computer to start running.

You will notice windows appearing on the screen. These are SeaSonde applications.

On the Receiver front panel, look for a **solid green light**. This tells you the Receiver is switched on. Look for a **flashing yellow light**. This tells you that the Receiver and Computer are **communicating**:



See the SeaSonde Radial Suite User Guide for detailed instructions on using the software. You will need to use the application SeaSondeController to set your approved frequency and bandwidth.

After you have used SeaSondeController to set the frequency and bandwidth, switch on the transmitter. *Be sure the Transmitter is connected to the Transmit Antenna*, or you may **permanently** damage the Transmitter. On newer Transmitters, SeaSondeController can show you the transmitter's measured forward and reflected power. You should check this to help verify that transmitter and transmit antenna are connected and working properly.

Next use the SeaSondeAcquisition application to graph the signal power versus Doppler for range cell 3. You will have to wait 2.5 minutes (longer for LongRange) for the graph to update. There is a progress bar at the bottom of the window, which shows when then next update will occur. It will require at least two updates from when you turned on the transmitter to get a stable reading. The graph should then show the characteristic bragg energy received for that range cell.

If SeaSonde electronics still fail to operate after consulting the *SeaSonde Troubleshooting Guide*, contact Codar Ocean Sensors for technical support (e-mail: support@codaros.com).

Do not attempt to repair or modify SeaSonde electronics unless you are a qualified electronics technician.

SECTION 3: COPYRIGHT NOTICE and DISCLAIMER

Copyright:

This publication is copyrighted with all rights reserved by Codar Ocean Sensors, Ltd. (COS). Pursuant to the United States copyright laws, this publication may not be copied or otherwise reproduced, in whole or in part, without prior written consent of COS, except for the private, internal use of COS customers. Any permitted copies must include the same proprietary and copyright notices as were affixed to the original. Copying includes translating into another language.

Trademarks:

The designations SeaSonde and WaveSonde are trademarks registered by Codar Oceans Sensors, Ltd. with the United States Patent and Trademark Office, Washington, D.C.

Waiver of Legal Responsibility:

Although COS has made every effort to ensure the accuracy and completeness of the information contained in this publication, neither COS nor its contractors make any warranty or representation, either expressed or implied, with respect to this publication, as to its quality, performance, merchantability, or fitness for a particular purpose. This publication is provided strictly "as is." You, the user, are assuming the entire risk as to the quality and performance of the information contained in this publication.

In no event will COS be liable for any direct, indirect, special, incidental, or consequential damages arising from the use of the information contained in this publication, even if advised of the possibility of such damages.

Right of Revision:

COS reserves the right to revise this publication at any time without notice.